115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.
To provide lasting pr	rotection for inventoried roadless areas within the National Forest System.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. Cantwell (for herself, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Merkley, Mrs. Feinstein, Ms. Harris, Mr. Markey, Mr. Heinrich, Ms. Smith, Mr. Blumenthal, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Reed, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Udall, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Menendez, and Mr. Durbin) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To provide lasting protection for inventoried roadless areas within the National Forest System.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Roadless Area Con-
- 5 servation Act of 2018".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) In General.—Congress finds that—

1	(1) there is a compelling need to establish na-
2	tional protection for inventoried roadless areas of the
3	National Forest System in order to protect the
4	unique social and ecological values of those irreplace-
5	able resources;
6	(2) roadless areas protect healthy watersheds
7	and the numerous benefits of healthy watersheds,
8	which include—
9	(A) providing the setting for many forms
10	of outdoor recreation;
11	(B) ensuring a supply of clean water for
12	domestic, agricultural, and industrial uses;
13	(C) providing drinking water to tens of
14	millions of citizens of the United States; and
15	(D) helping maintain abundant and
16	healthy fish and wildlife populations and habi-
17	tats;
18	(3) maintaining roadless areas in a relatively
19	undisturbed condition—
20	(A) saves downstream communities mil-
21	lions of dollars in water filtration costs; and
22	(B) is crucial to preserve the flow of af-
23	fordable, clean water to a growing population;
24	(4) the protection of roadless areas can main-
25	tain biological strongholds and refuges for many im-

periled species by halting the ongoing fragmentation
of the landscape into smaller and smaller parcels of
land divided by road corridors;
(5) roadless areas conserve native biodiversity
by serving as a bulwark against the spread of non-
native invasive species;
(6) roadless areas provide important
backcountry fish and game habitat, creating oppor-
tunities for hunting and commercial and sport fish-
ing;
(7) roadless areas provide unparalleled opportu-
nities for outdoor recreation, including hiking, camp-
ing, picnicking, wildlife viewing, hunting, fishing,
cross-country skiing, canoeing, mountain-biking, and
similar activities;
(8) while roadless areas may have many wilder-
ness-like attributes, unlike wilderness areas, the use
of mechanized means of travel is allowed in many
roadless areas;
(9) roadless areas contain many sites sacred to
Native Americans, Alaska Natives, and other groups
that use roadless areas for spiritual and religious
practices and access, including customary and tradi-
tional uses and activities;

1	(10) from the inception of Federal land man-
2	agement, the mission of the Forest Service has been
3	to manage the National Forest System for multiple
4	uses, including resource utilization, conservation,
5	and other uses;
6	(11) consistent with the multiple-use mission
7	described in paragraph (10), this Act—
8	(A) ensures the continued protection of so-
9	cial and ecological values, while allowing for
10	many multiple uses of inventoried roadless
11	areas; and
12	(B) does not impose any new limitations
13	on—
14	(i) inventoried roadless areas; or
15	(ii) the use of, or access to, National
16	Forest System, State, or private land out-
17	side inventoried roadless areas;
18	(12) enacting a law for the protection of inven-
19	toried roadless areas—
20	(A) provides additional reliability to areas
21	with recreation-based economies that depend on
22	public land without roads for jobs, revenue, and
23	consumer spending; and
24	(B) encourages forest managers to con-
25	tinue giving priority to conducting fuel reduc-

1	tion treatments in the areas in which the treat-
2	ments will have the most impact;
3	(13) wildfires are almost twice as likely to occur
4	in roaded areas as in roadless areas, because
5	roadless areas are generally located further away
6	from communities and are harder to access;
7	(14) the Forest Service has an enormous back-
8	log of maintenance needs for the existing 371,581-
9	mile road system of the Forest Service that will cost
10	\$3,200,000,000 to eliminate; and
11	(15) continued protection of roadless areas will
12	continue to allow for the development of hydropower
13	projects.
14	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to provide,
15	within the context of multiple-use management, lasting
16	protection for inventoried roadless areas within the Na-
17	tional Forest System.
18	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this Act:
20	(1) Inventoried roadless area.—The term
21	"inventoried roadless area" means any area in which
22	road construction, road reconstruction, or logging is
23	subject to regulation under the Roadless Rule.
24	(2) Roadless Rule.—The term "Roadless
25	Rule" means part 294 of title 36, Code of Federal

1	Regulations, as adopted on January 12, 2001, and
2	modified for Idaho on October 16, 2008, and for
3	Colorado on July 3, 2012, and December 19, 2016.
4	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
5	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the
6	Chief of the Forest Service.
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7 SEC. 4. PROTECTION OF INVENTORIED ROADLESS AREAS.

8 The Secretary shall not allow road construction, road 9 reconstruction, or logging in an inventoried roadless area 10 where those activities are prohibited by the Roadless Rule.